

## Rates and Equilibria

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Equilibrium expressions  
Rate expressions  
Reaction coordinate diagrams

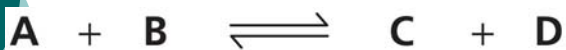
## Outline

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- Equilibrium constants
- Rate constants
- Reaction coordinate diagrams
  - And equilibrium: Thermodynamics
  - And rates: kinetics

## Equilibria and equilibrium constants

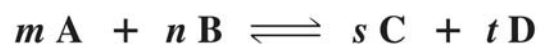
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$$K_{\text{eq}} = \frac{[\mathbf{C}][\mathbf{D}]}{[\mathbf{A}][\mathbf{B}]}$$

## Equilibria and equilibrium constants

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$$K_{\text{eq}} = \frac{[\text{products}]}{[\text{reactants}]} = \frac{[\mathbf{C}]^s [\mathbf{D}]^t}{[\mathbf{A}]^m [\mathbf{B}]^n}$$

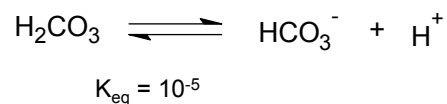
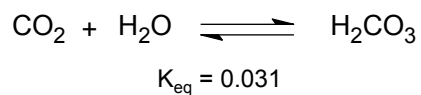
## Equilibrium constants and reaction free energy

- Endergonic:
  - the overall  $\Delta G^\circ > 1$
  - $K_{eq} < 1$
  - Product G > Reactant G
- Exergonic:
  - the overall  $\Delta G^\circ < 1$
  - $K_{eq} > 1$
  - Product G < Reactant G

$$\Delta G^0 = -RT \ln K_{eq}$$

$$K_{eq} = e^{\frac{-\Delta G^0}{RT}}$$

## Example: dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>



## Reaction rates and concentrations



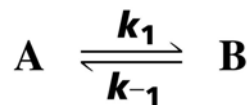
$$\text{rate} = k[\text{A}]$$

$$\text{rate} = k[\text{A}][\text{B}]$$



$$\text{rate} = k[\text{A}]^2$$

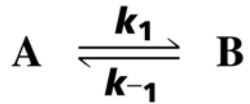
## Rates and equilibrium



**forward rate = reverse rate**

$$k_1 [\text{A}] = k_{-1} [\text{B}]$$

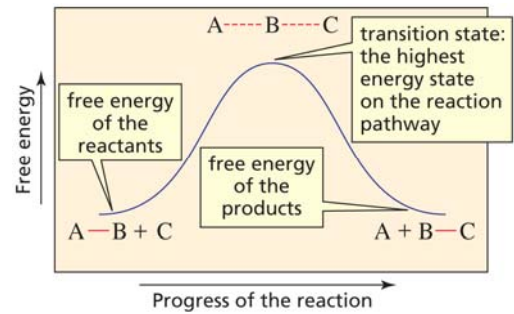
## Rates and equilibrium



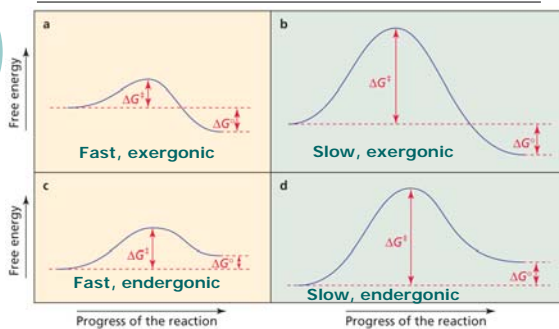
forward rate = reverse rate

$$K_{eq} = \frac{k_1}{k_{-1}} = \frac{[B]}{[A]}$$

## Reaction coordinate diagrams



## Rates and Equilibrium are independent



## Free Energy: Rate constants vs equilibrium constants

$$k = Ae^{\frac{-E_a}{RT}}$$

$$k = e^{\frac{-\Delta G^\ddagger}{RT}} \quad K_{eq} = e^{\frac{-\Delta G^0}{RT}}$$